



Creating a better Environment through Science

Advanced Maritime Emissions Control System (AMECS[®])

Advanced Cleanup Technologies, Incorporated

*Hazardous Waste Management & Emissions
Control Specialists*

Environmental Systems Development Division



The Problem





The PROBLEM (continued)



The Exhaust Capture System must accommodate various stack geometries



The PROBLEM (continued)

The system must be able to treat various fuel types, handle various exhaust flows and exhaust temperatures





The Solution





Emissions Control Technology

ACTI's Emissions Control Technology consists of two types of systems:

- Advanced Locomotive Emissions Control System (ALECS) designed to capture and treat the exhaust emissions from railroad locomotives
- Advanced Maritime Emissions Control System (AMECS) designed to capture and treat the exhaust emissions from ocean-going vessels
 - Barge-Based System
 - Shore-Based System
 - Multi-Capture and Treatment System

Emissions Treatment Subsystem

Picture of the Actual System
Demonstrated and Tested in
Roseville, California



Successful Demonstration Program

- The objective of the tests at Union Pacific Railroad's J. R. Davis rail-yard in Roseville, California was to demonstrate ALECS capability to:
 - Remotely attach to a railroad locomotive around the exhaust opening
 - Capture the exhaust gas and direct it via the overhead manifold system into the Emissions Treatment Subsystem

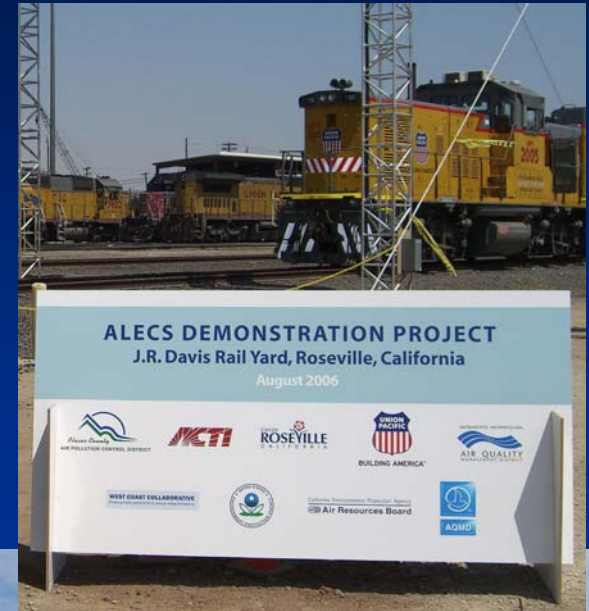


Successful Demonstration Program (continued)

- Maintain attachment and exhaust capture while the railroad locomotive is underway within designated area within the rail yards
- The test of ALECS was a success, meeting all the goals described above and more
- The same treatment system is used on AMECS

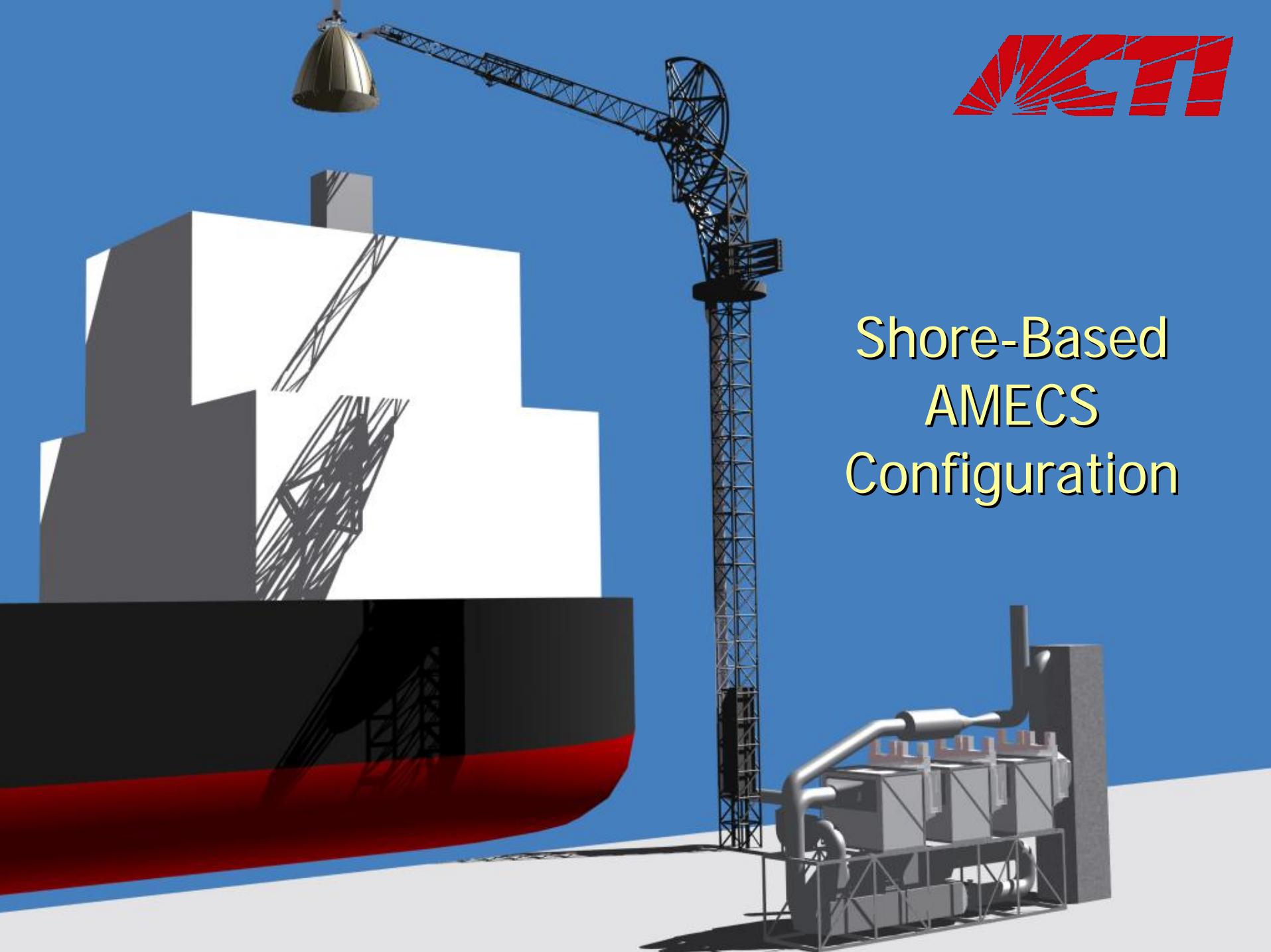


Successful Demonstration Program (continued)

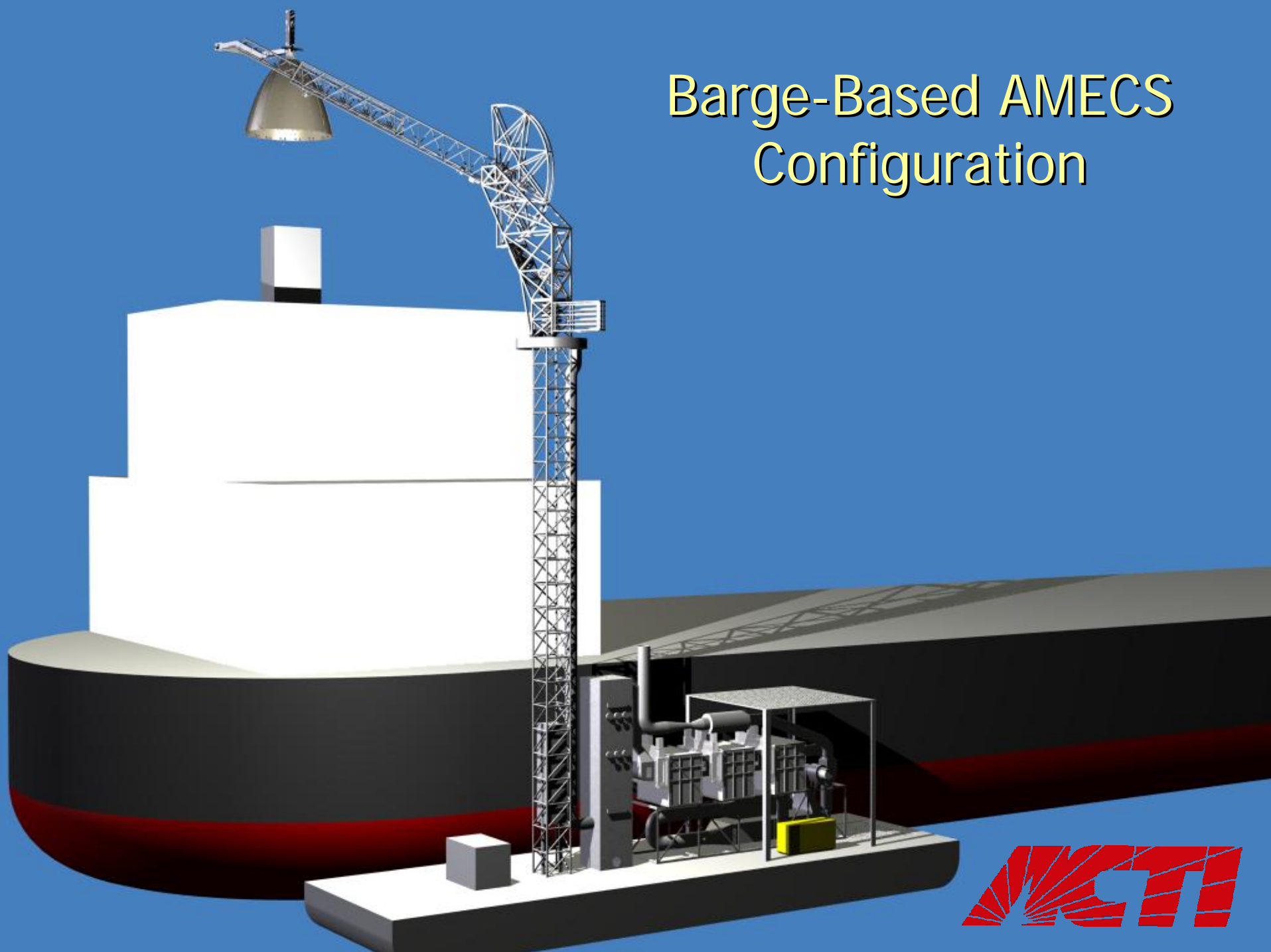




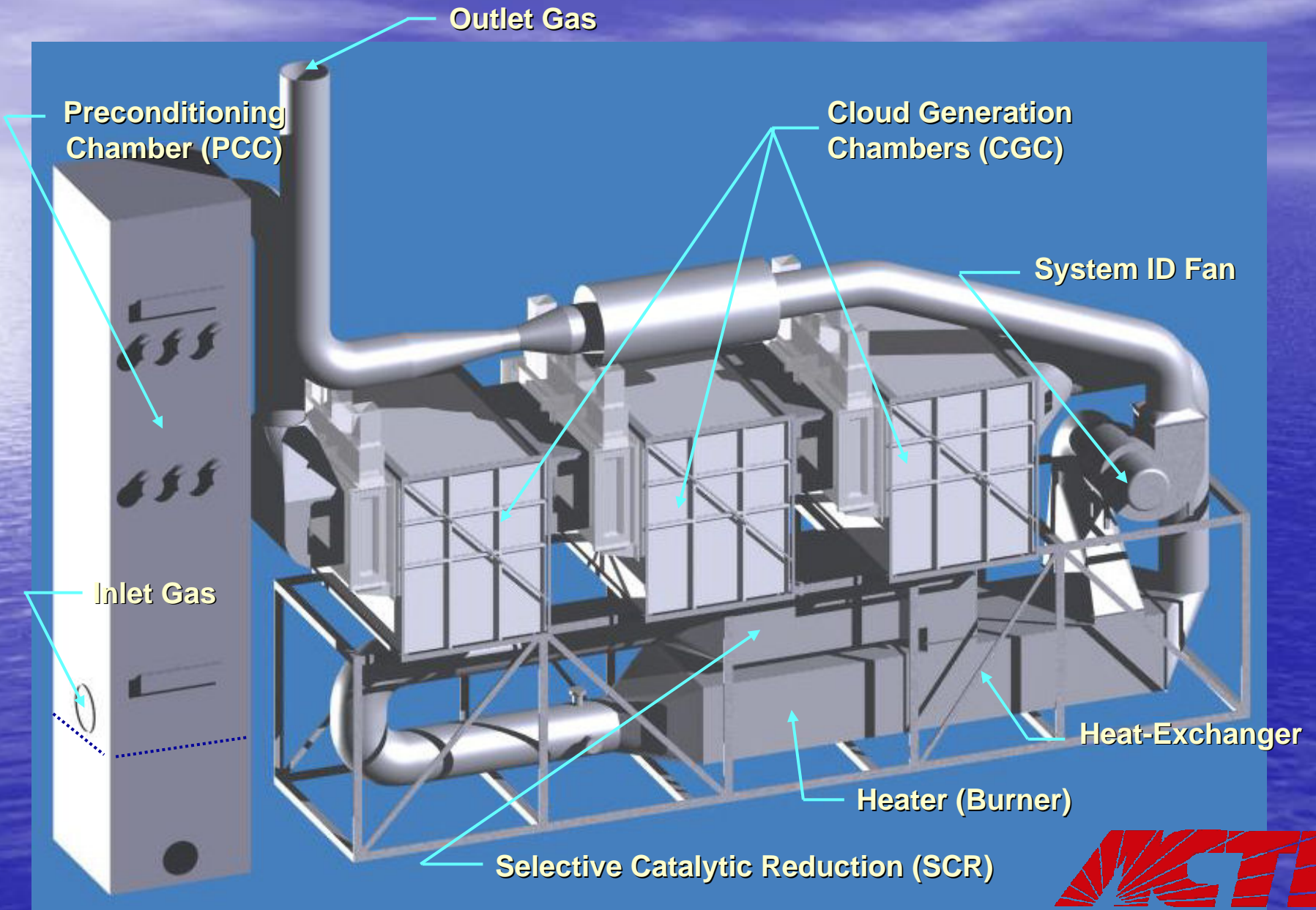
Shore-Based AMECS Configuration



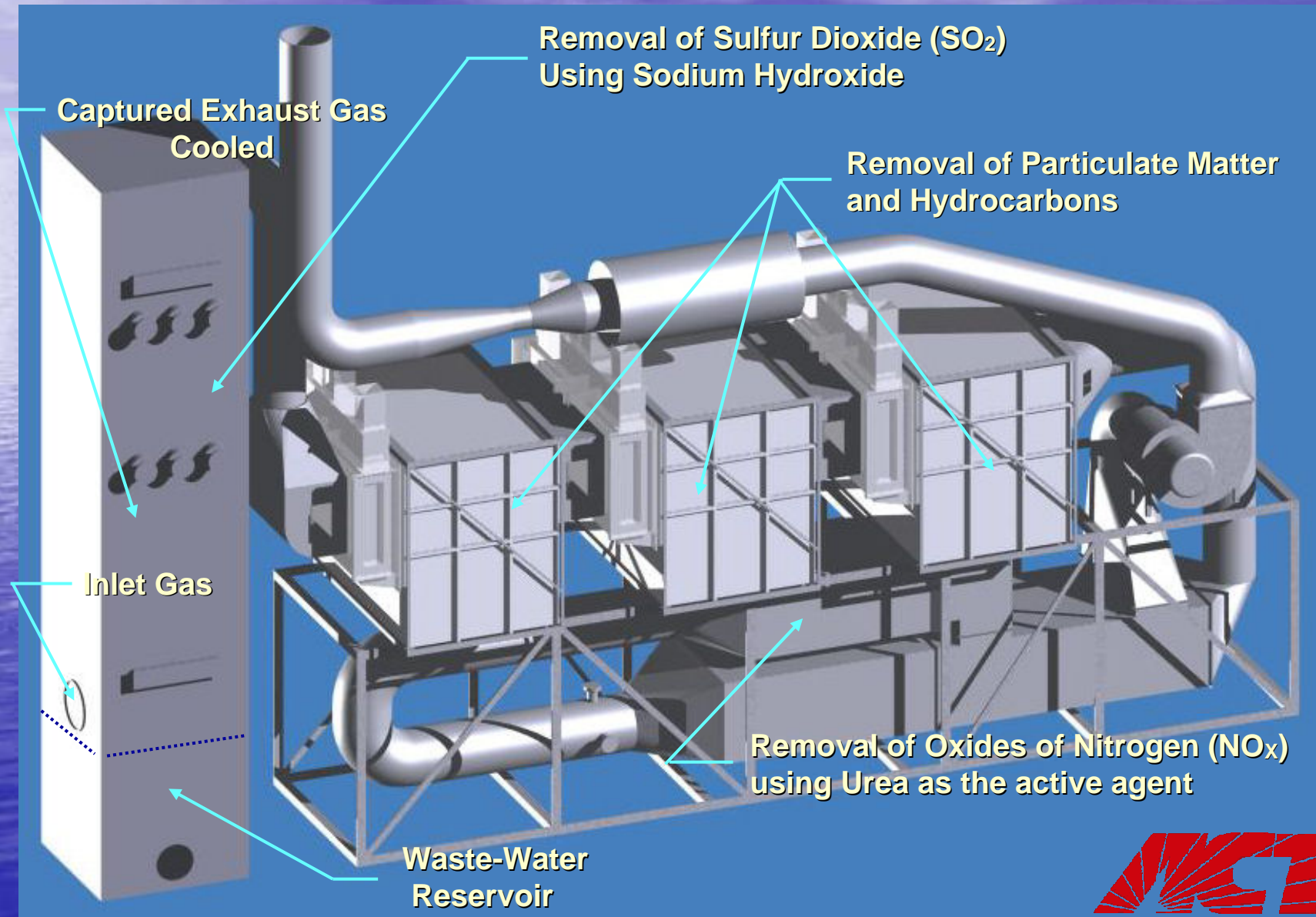
Barge-Based AMECS Configuration



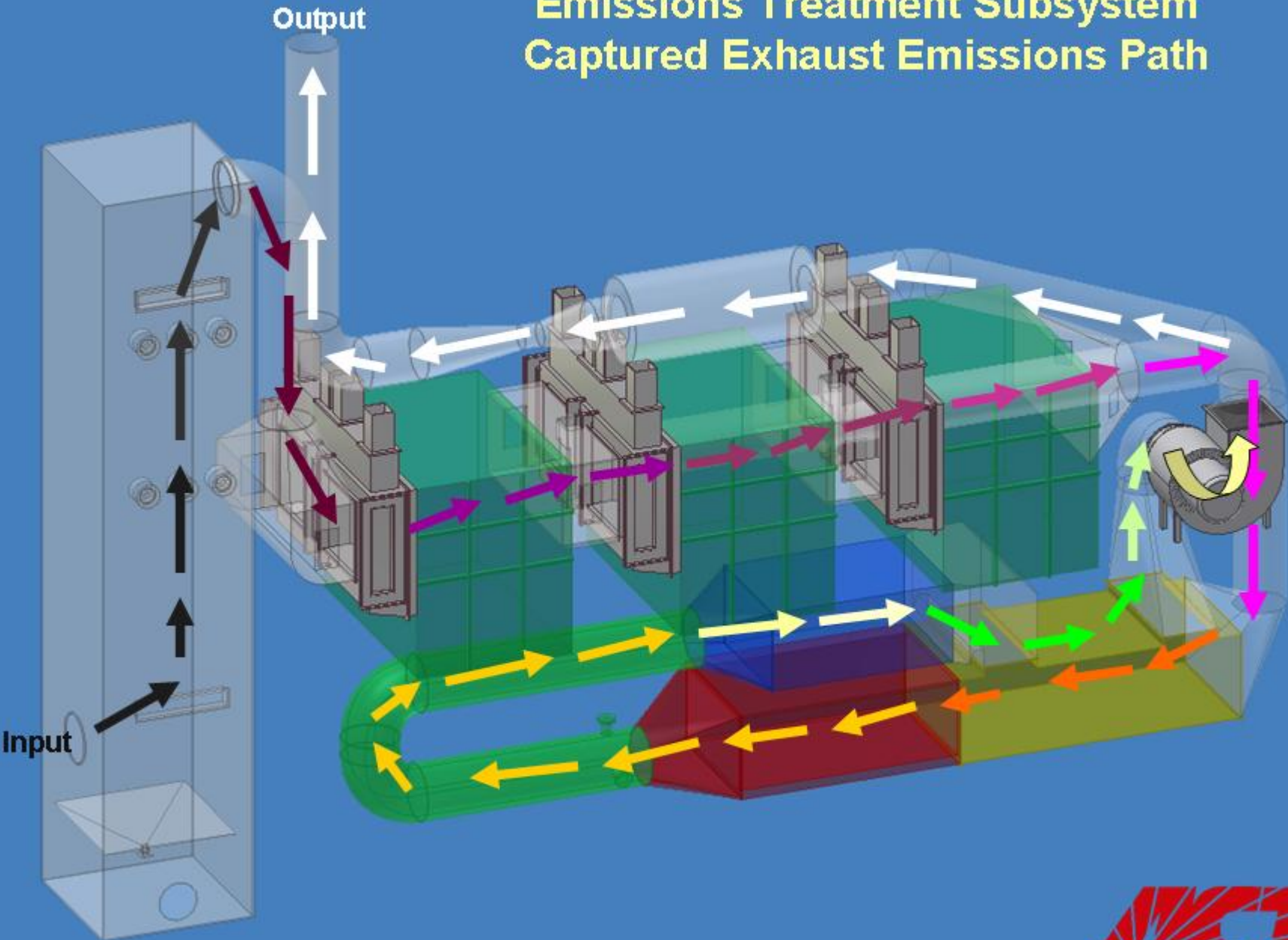
Emissions Treatment Subsystem



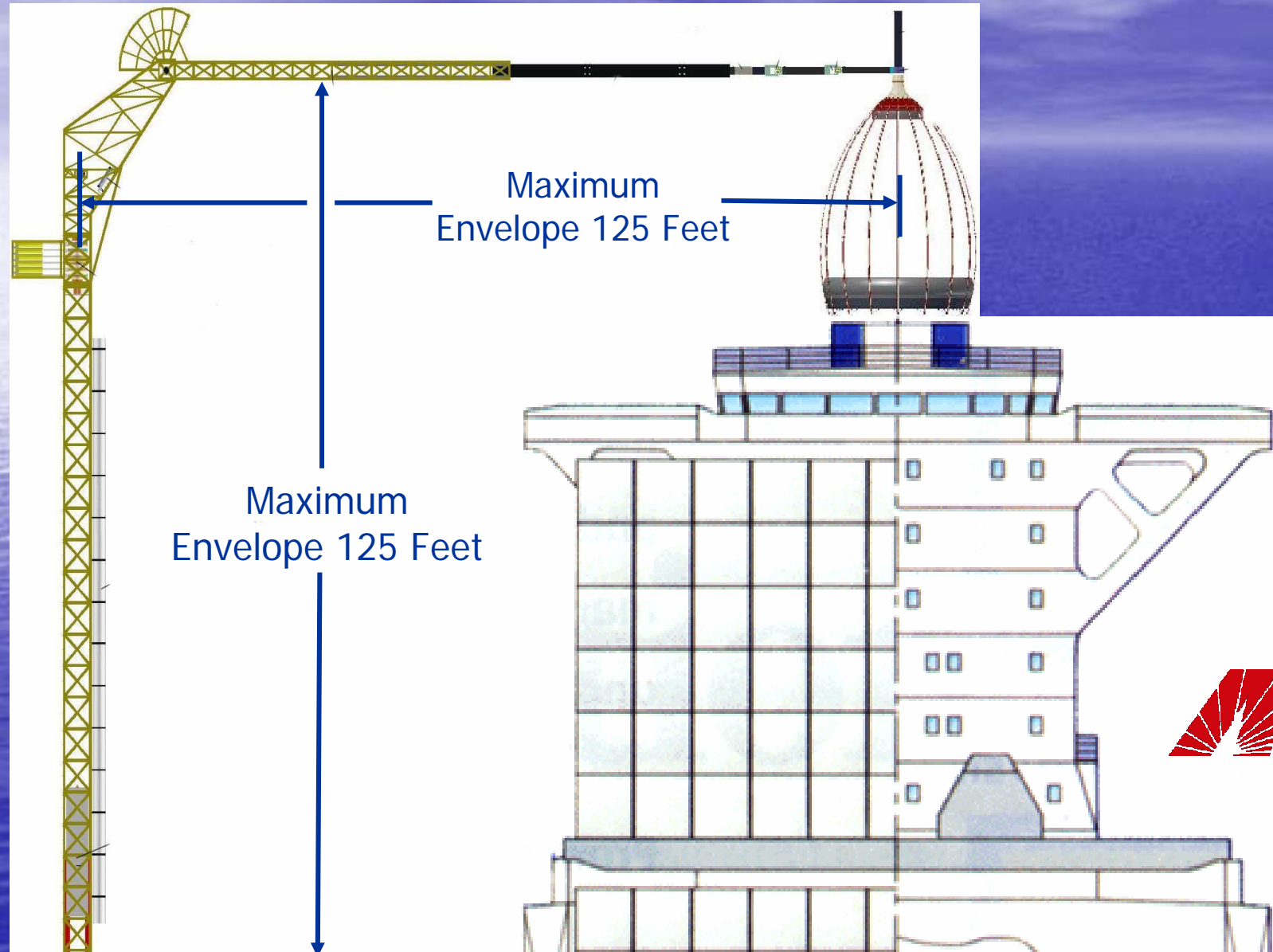
Emissions Treatment Subsystem



Emissions Treatment Subsystem Captured Exhaust Emissions Path

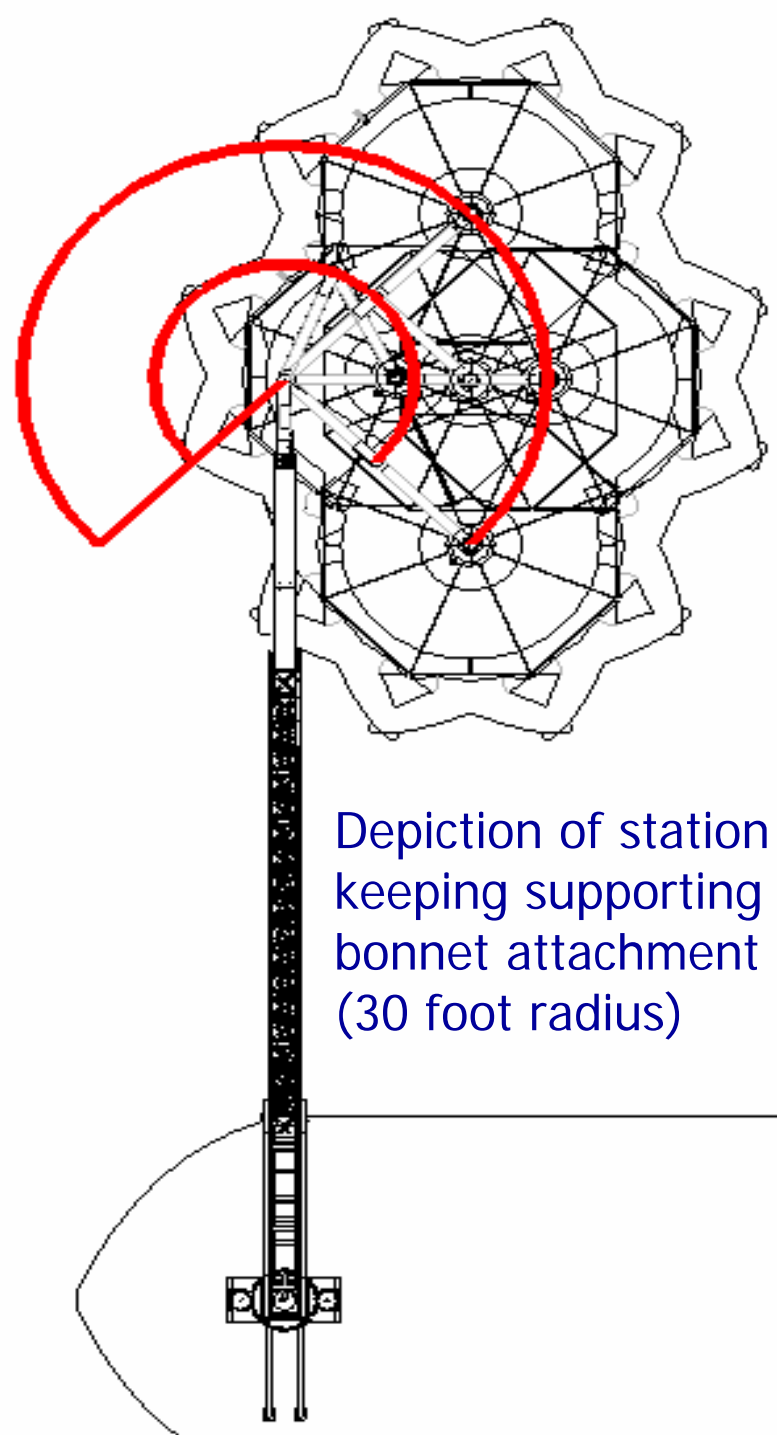


Emissions Capture Subsystem



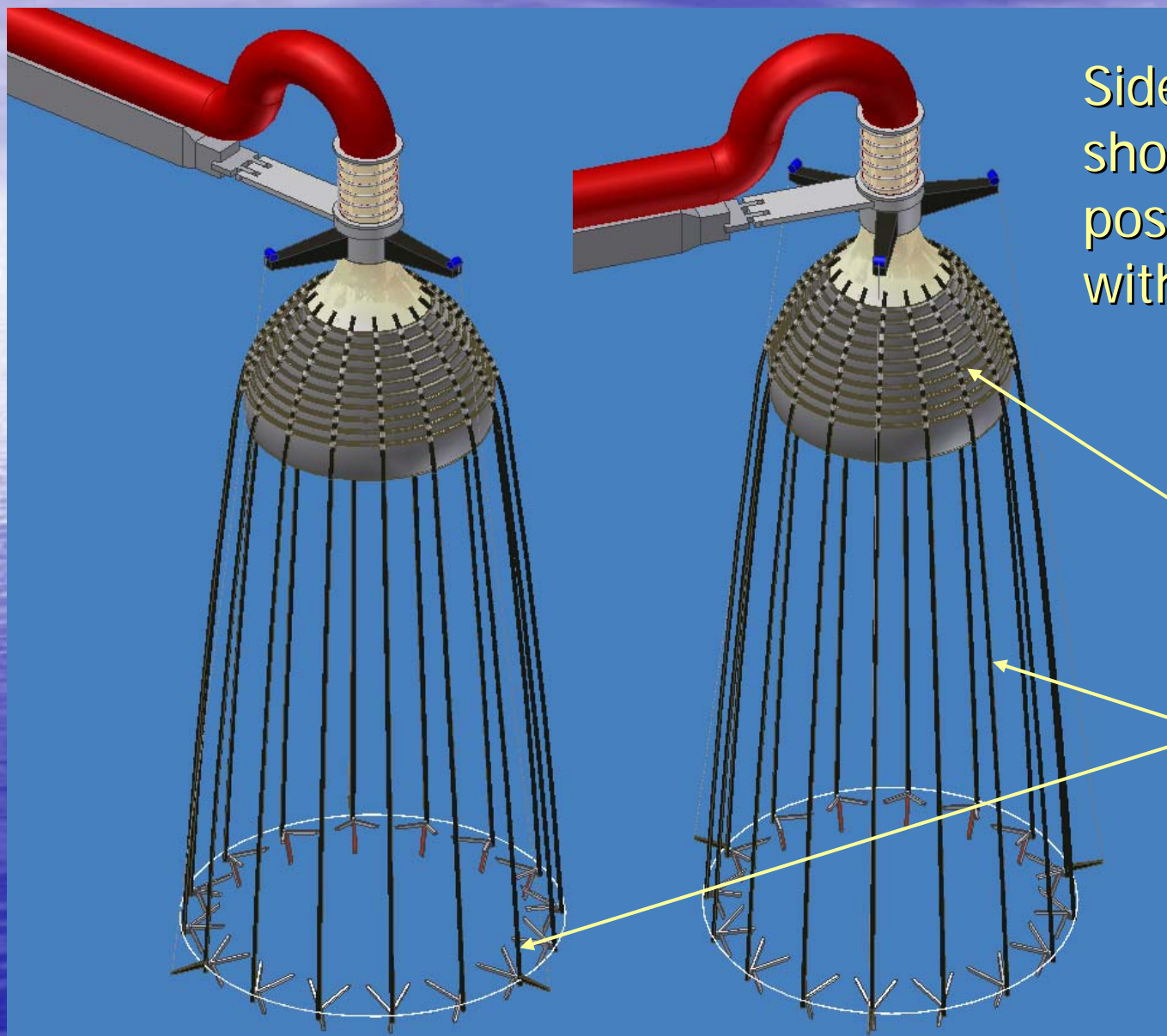


Articulating Arm & Placement Tower shown with Exhaust Intake Bonnet (EIB)



Depiction of station keeping supporting bonnet attachment (30 foot radius)

Emissions Intake Bonnet (EIB)



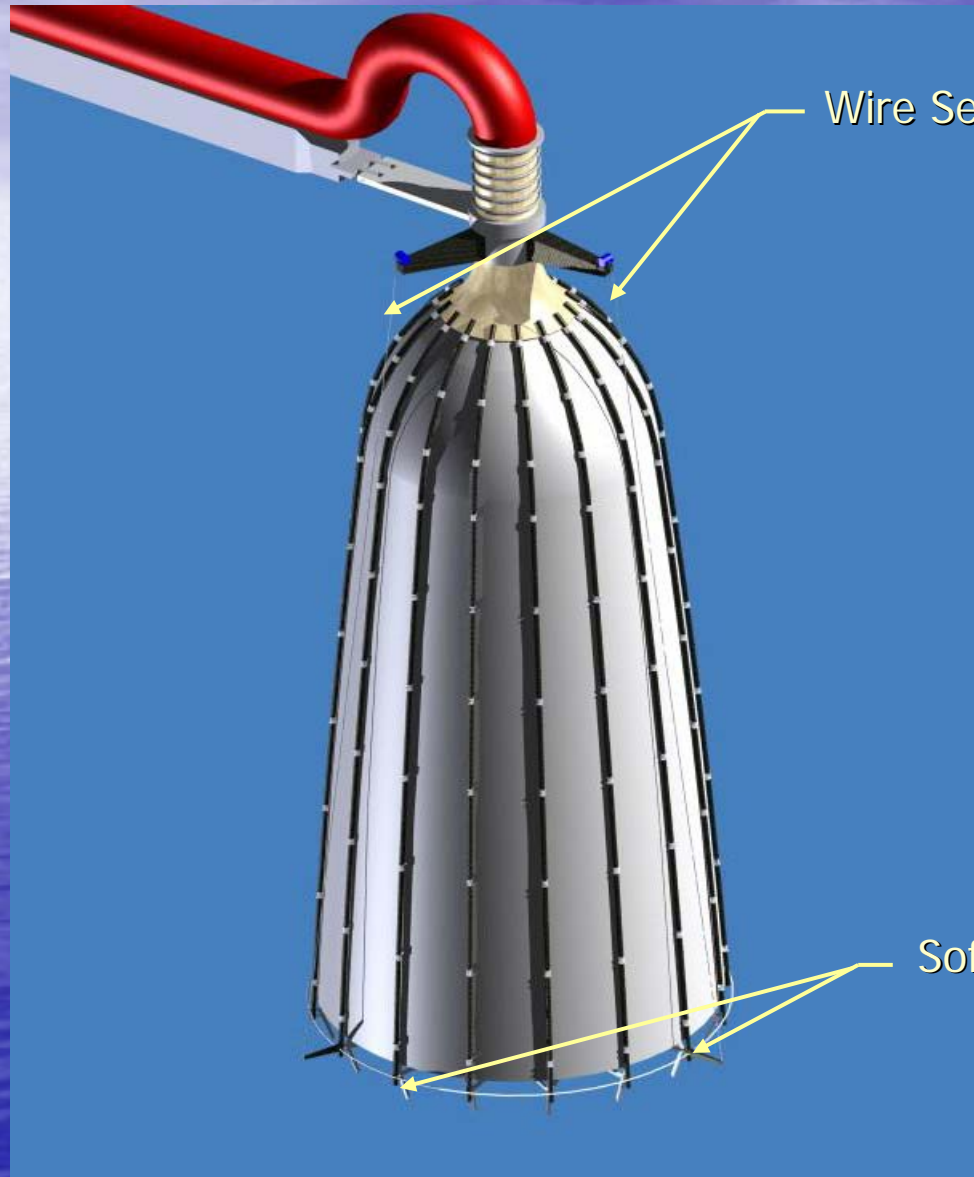
Side Views of EIB,
shown in closed
position with Shroud
withdrawn

High temperature
Shroud

Carbon Fiber
Ribs



EIB Station Keeping



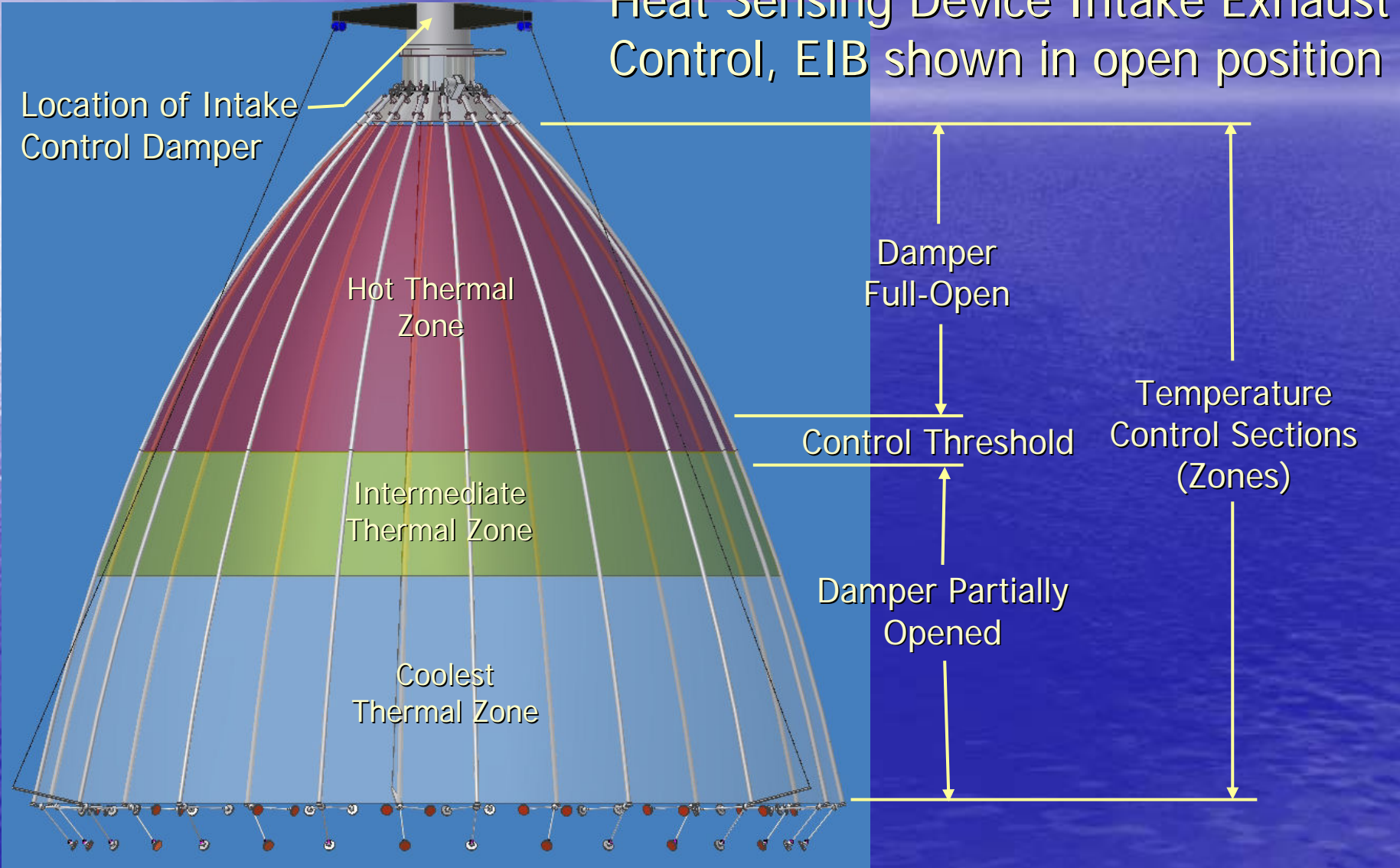
- Three fixed stack points connected to floating arm measure stack position (EIB shown in closed position)
- Wire sensors allow for rapid and accurate arm adjustment



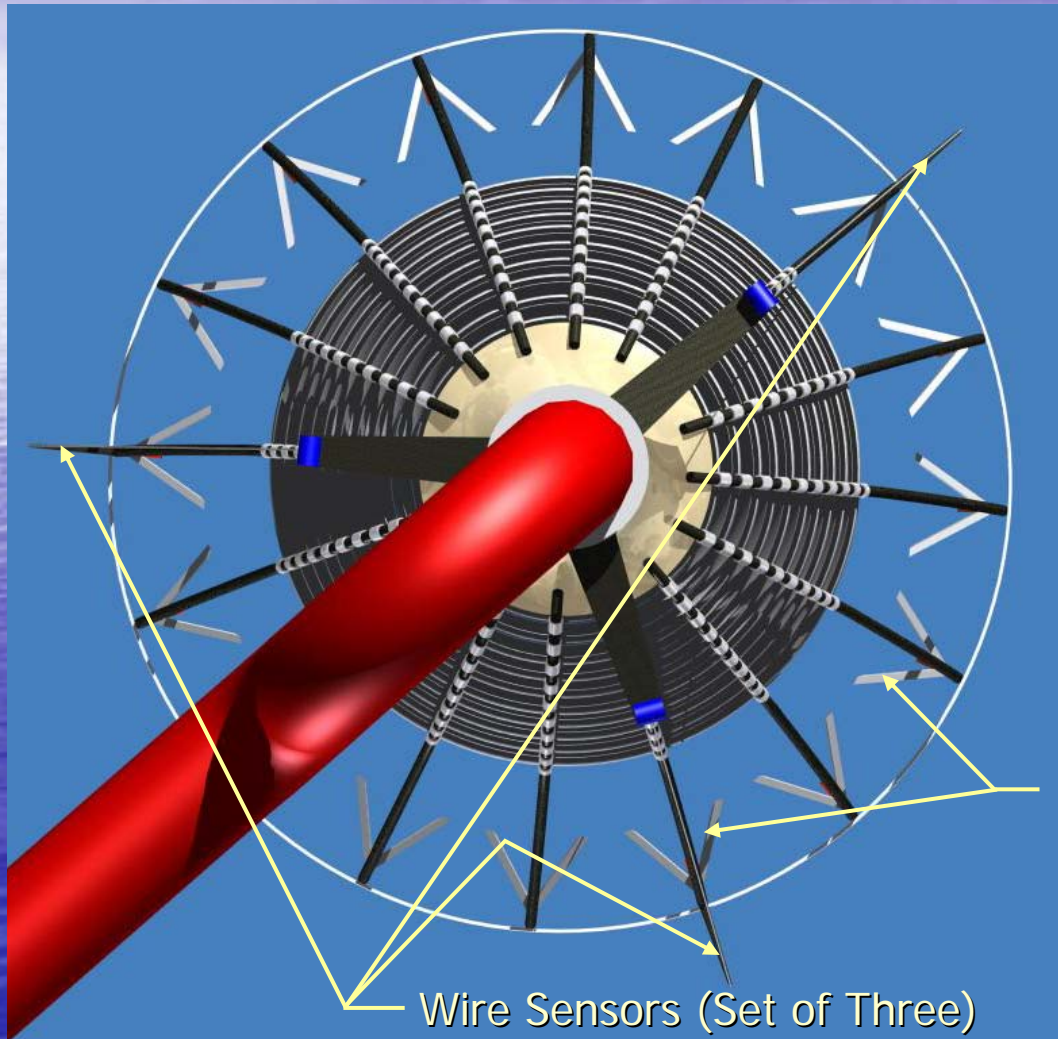


EIB Exhaust Control

Heat Sensing Device Intake Exhaust Control, EIB shown in open position



EIB Wire Position Sensors (Station Keeping)



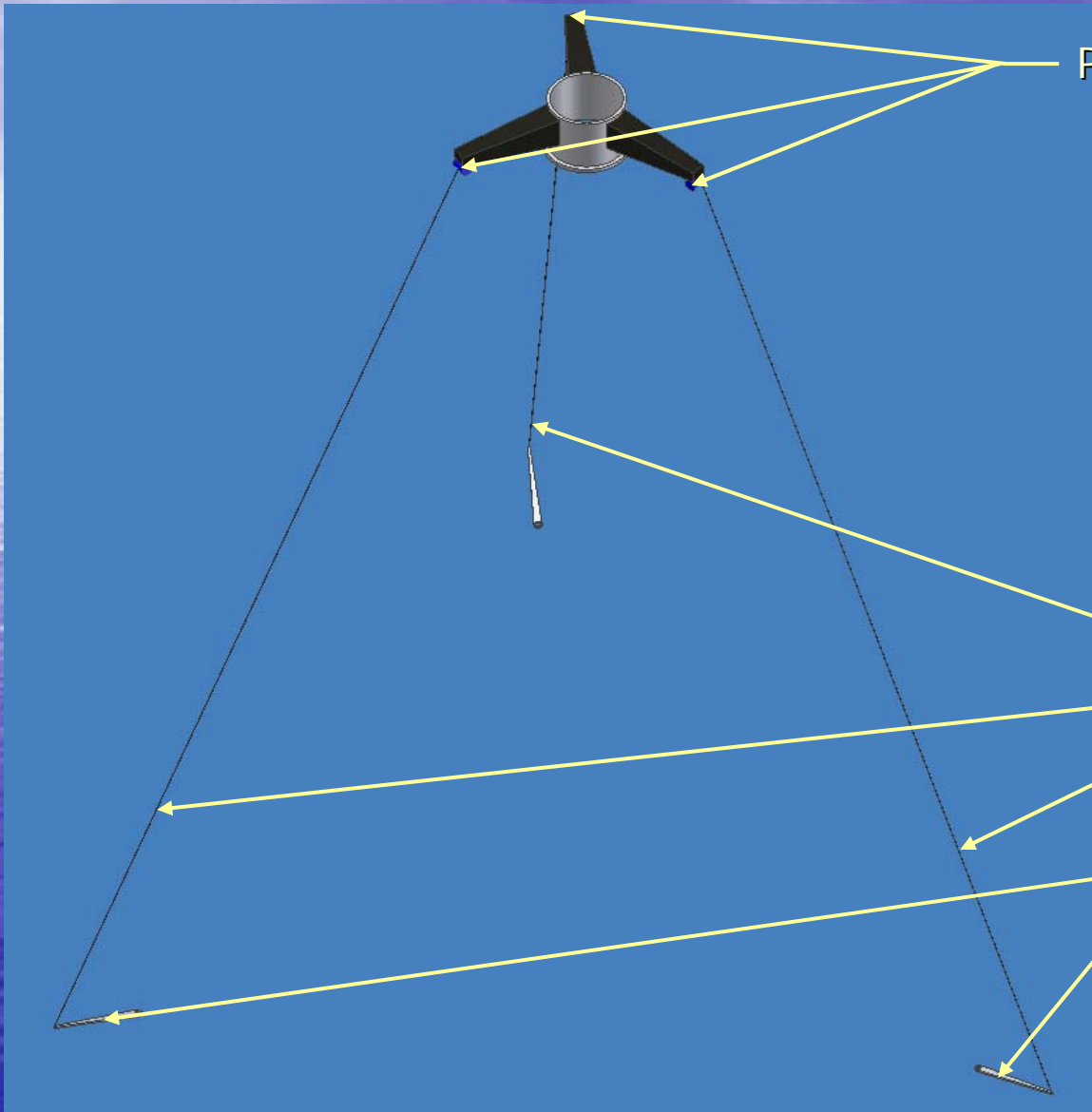
- Three fixed stack points connected to floating arm measuring stack position
- Wire sensors allow for rapid and accurate arm adjustment
- Wire Sensor designed and manufactured by Micro-Epsilon

Soft Tri-Pod Standoff
Stack Interface

Wire Sensors (Set of Three)



EIB Station Keeping Sensor System



Positioning Sensors

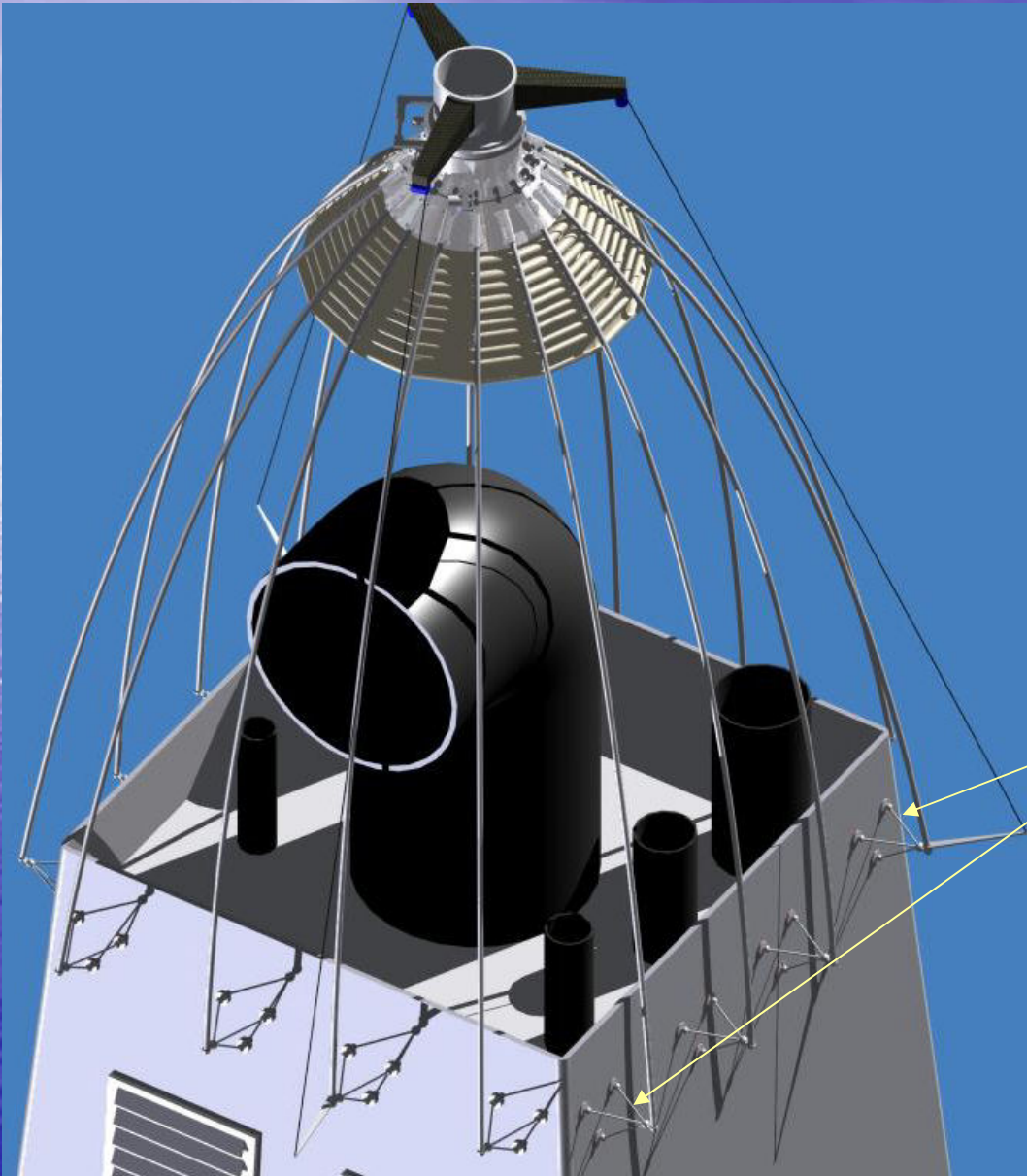
- Wire sensors accurate to within $\pm .1$ inches
- Determines arm position relative to stack within one inch

Wire Sensors

Positioning Standoffs
(three)



Emissions Intake Bonnet



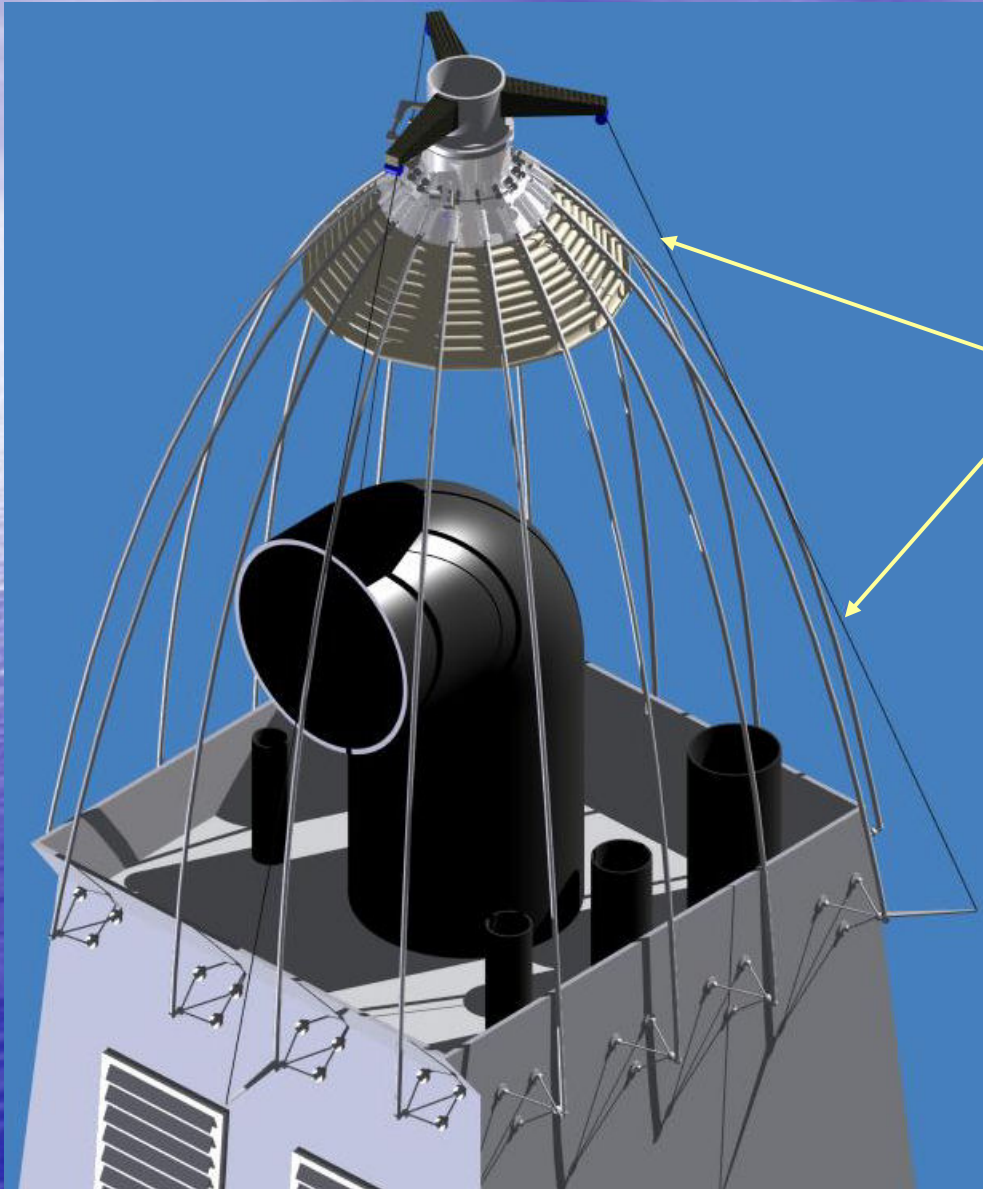
Depiction of the EIB being placed onto a typical strait ships stack

Soft Tri-Pod Standoff Stack Interface



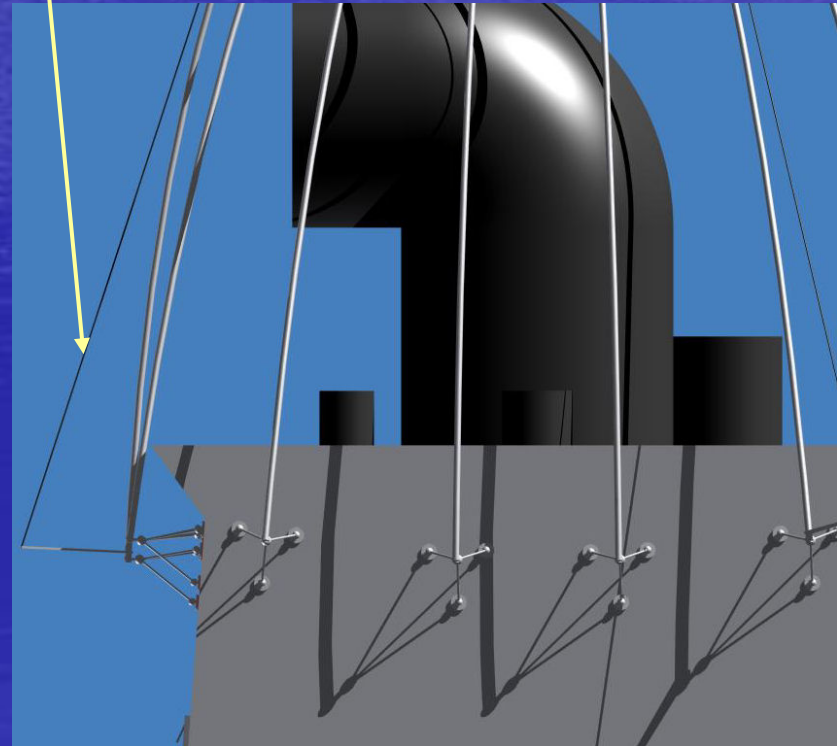


Emissions Intake Bonnet



Depiction of the EIB being placed onto lip style stack

Station Keeping Wire Sensors





Minimal Impact, if any, on Port Operations



Ease of access to stack

Unobtrusive Barge Location

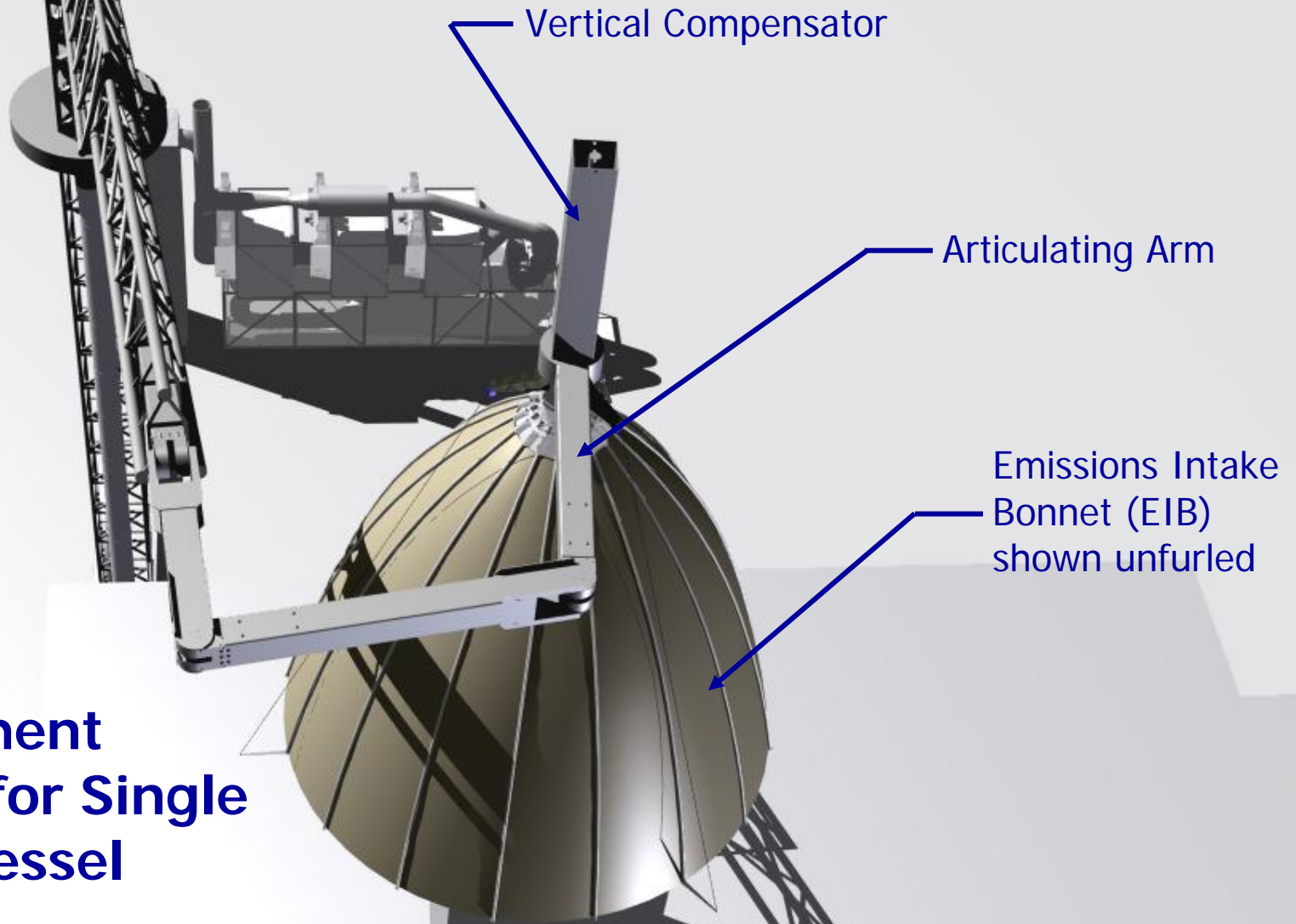


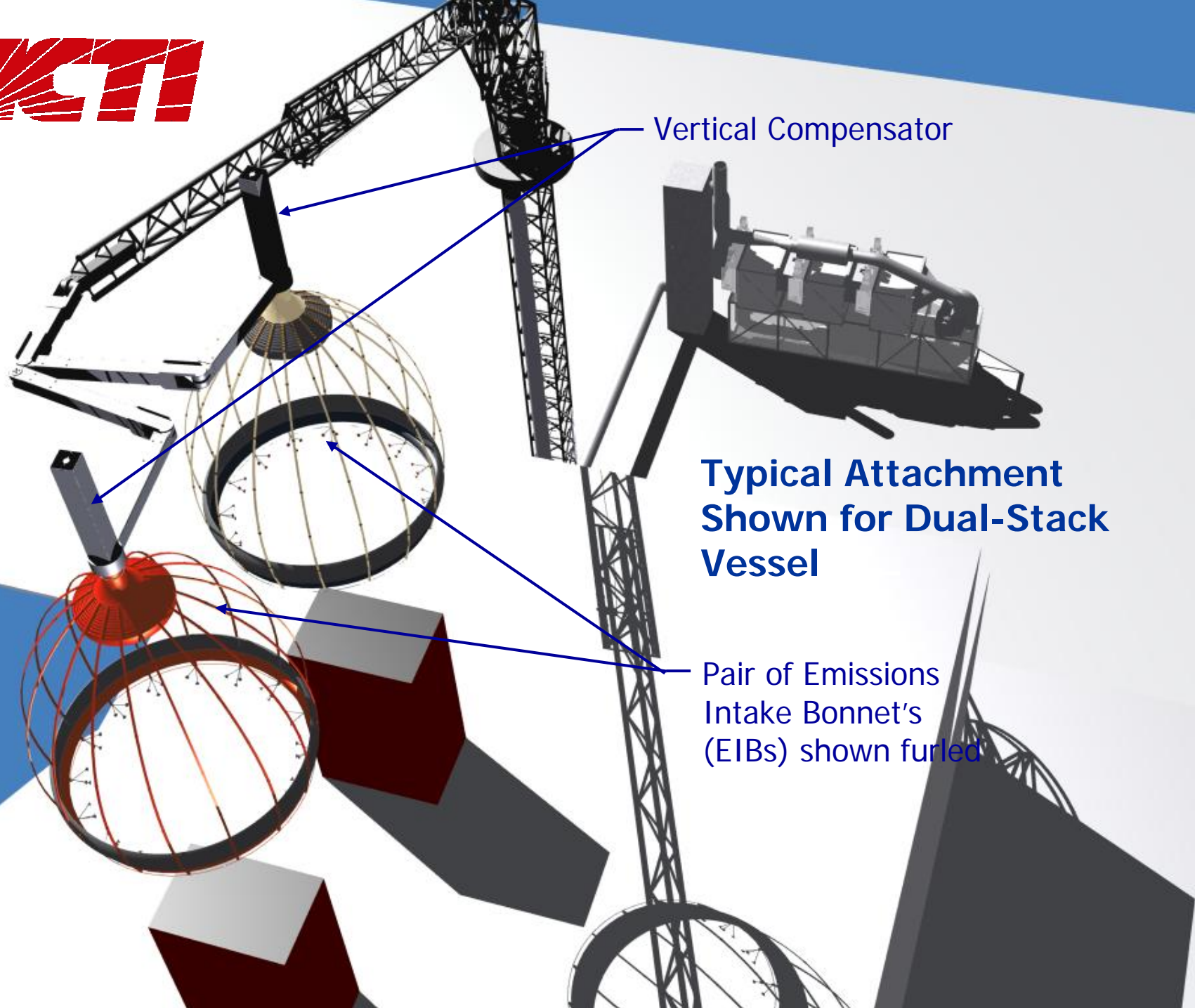
Depiction of Attachment While Anchored

Unobtrusive barge attachment while OGV is anchored



**Typical
Attachment
Shown for Single
Stack Vessel**

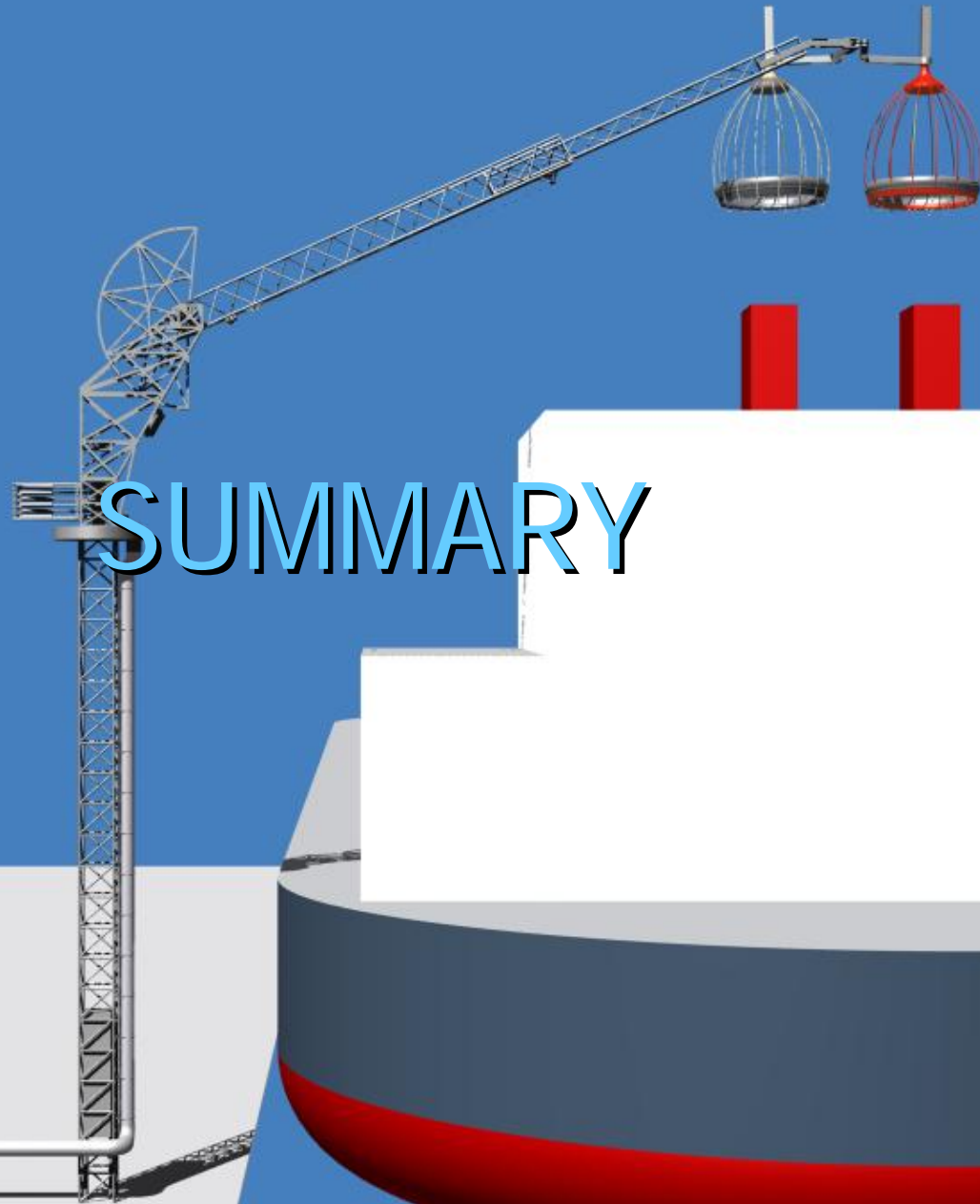




Vertical Compensator

**Typical Attachment
Shown for Dual-Stack
Vessel**

Pair of Emissions
Intake Bonnet's
(EIBs) shown furled



SUMMARY



Advanced Maritime Emissions Control System (AMECS®)

Advantages:

- No ship modification required
- Substantial Reduction of Harmful Pollutants
 - Removal percentages of sulfur dioxide (SO₂), particulate matter (PM), oxides of nitrogen NO_X) all above 95%, depending on fuel type
 - Over 60% removal of Hydrocarbons
- Can capture and treat exhaust emissions while ships are berthed and anchored waiting to be berthed
- Provides a Cost-Effective solution



Questions & Answers

Advanced Cleanup Technologies, Incorporation

Hazardous Waste Management Specialists

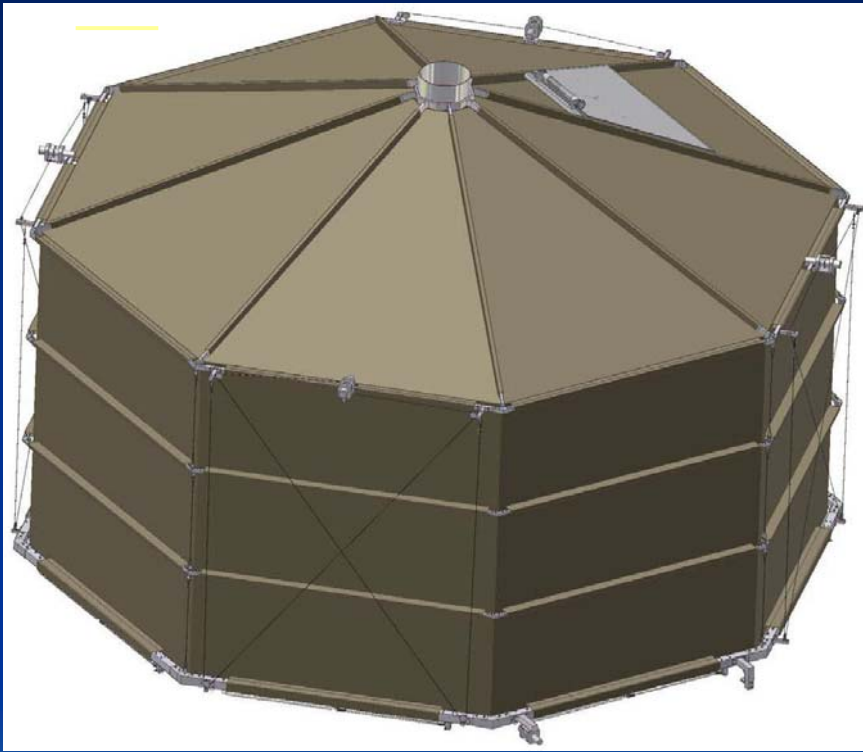
18414 South Santa Fe Avenue
Rancho Dominguez, California 90221-5612
310 763-1423



Supporting Data

The following slides contain additional information regarding *ACTI's* Advanced Maritime Emissions Control System (AMECS), and will only be used as required to respond to questions

EIB Light Wind Applications



Top-View

Bellows Bonnet Designed for Light Wind Applications

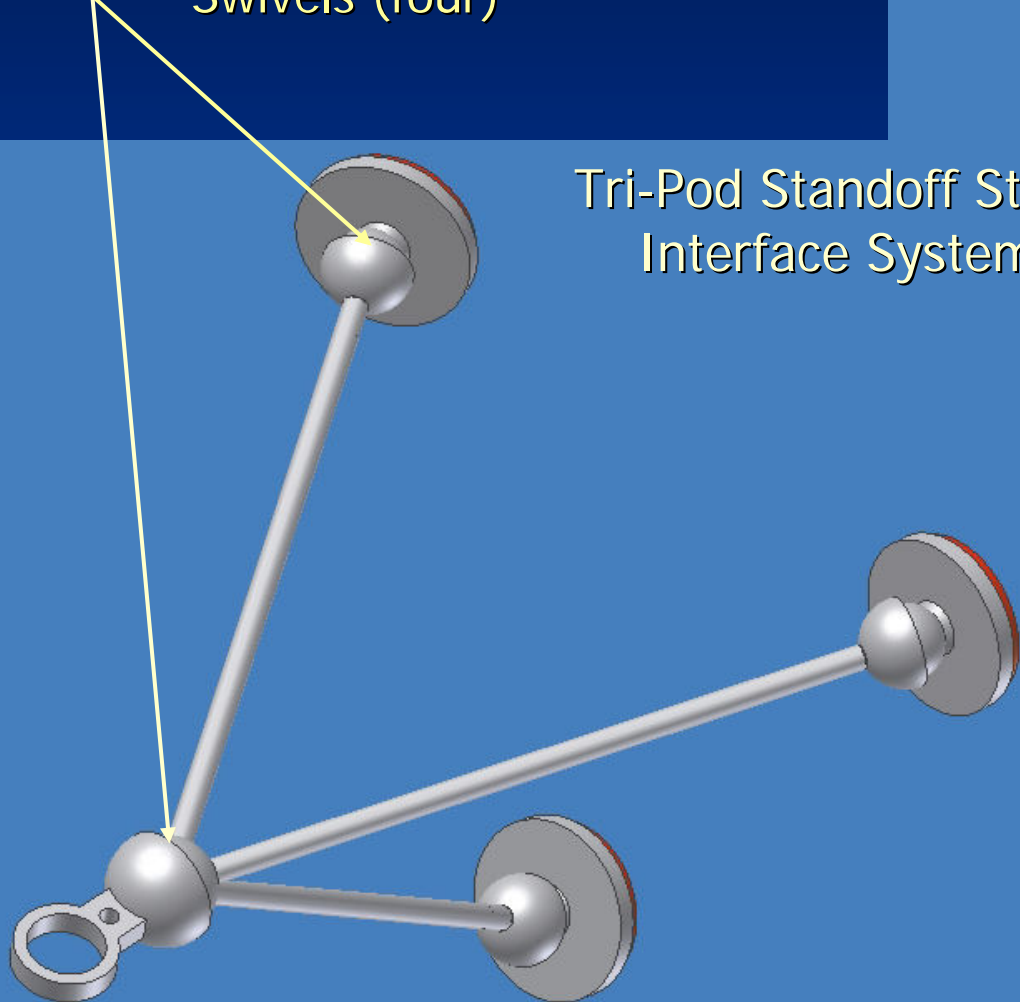


Side-View

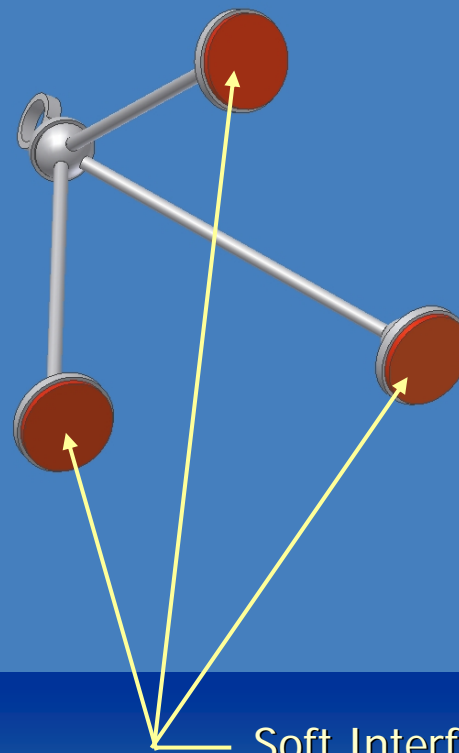


EIB Stack Interface System

Swivels (four)



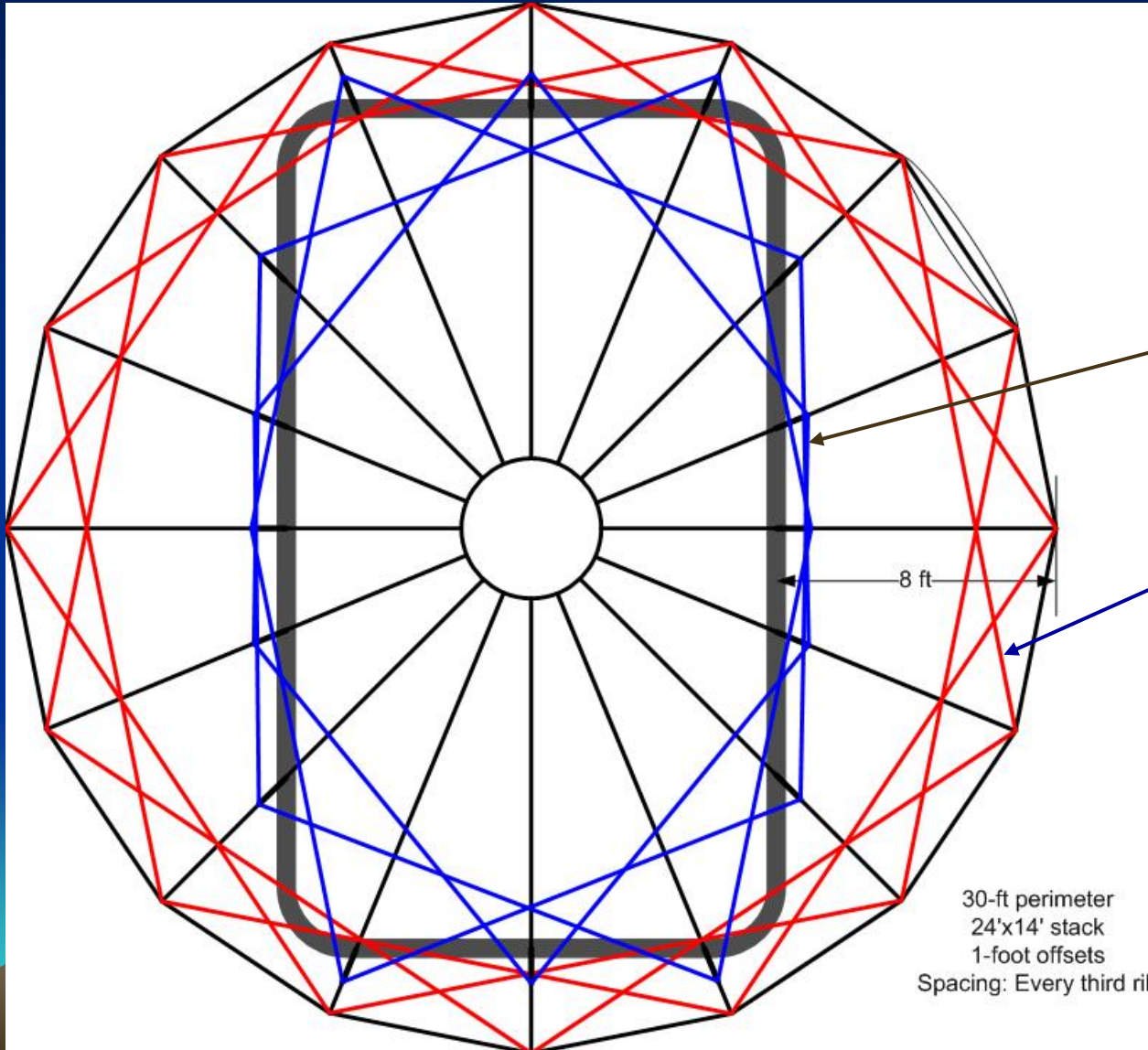
Tri-Pod Standoff Stack Interface System



Soft Interface Pads



EIB Securing & Release System



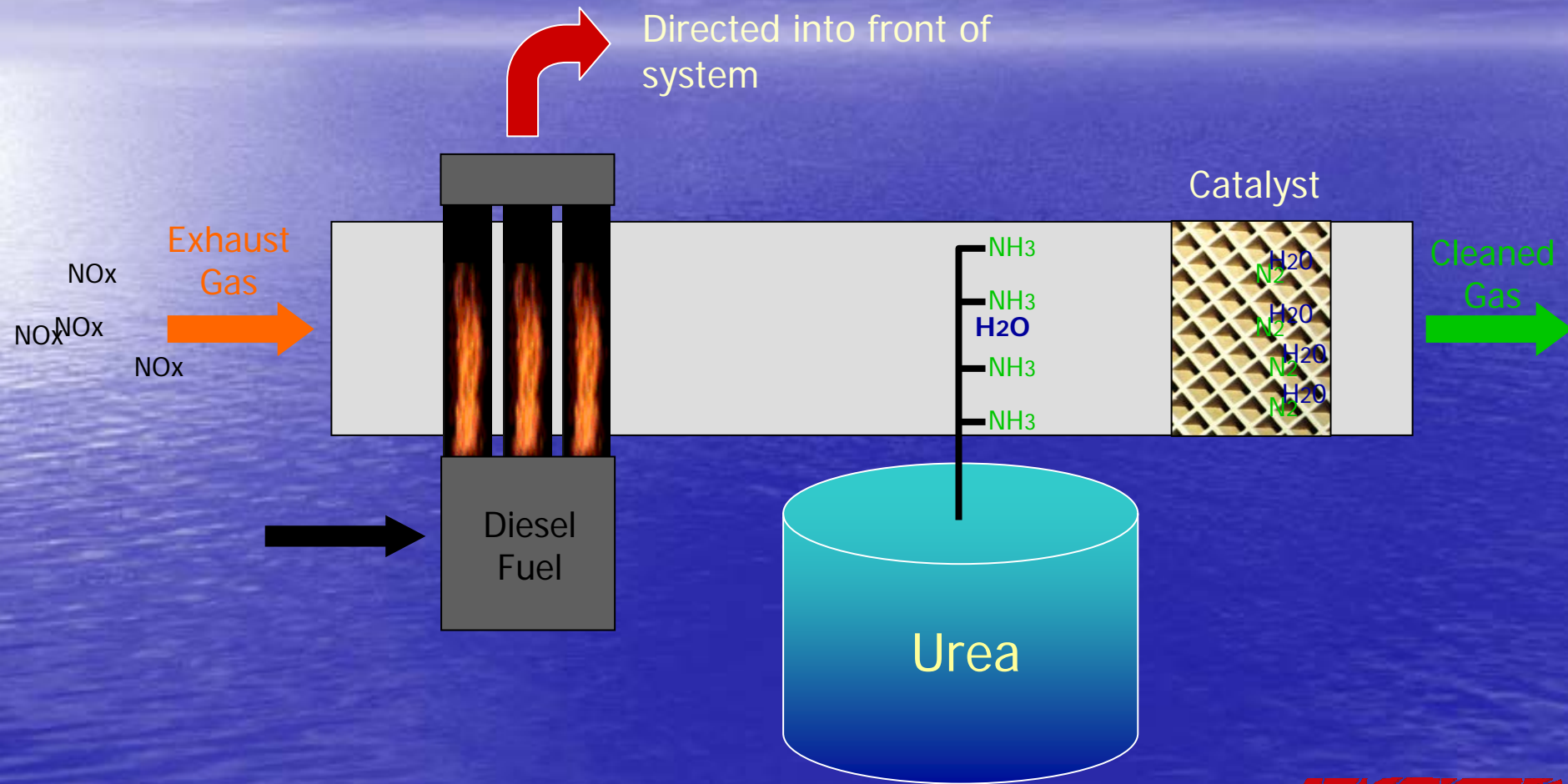
Securing System

Cinching Cables (shown in blue) after attachment

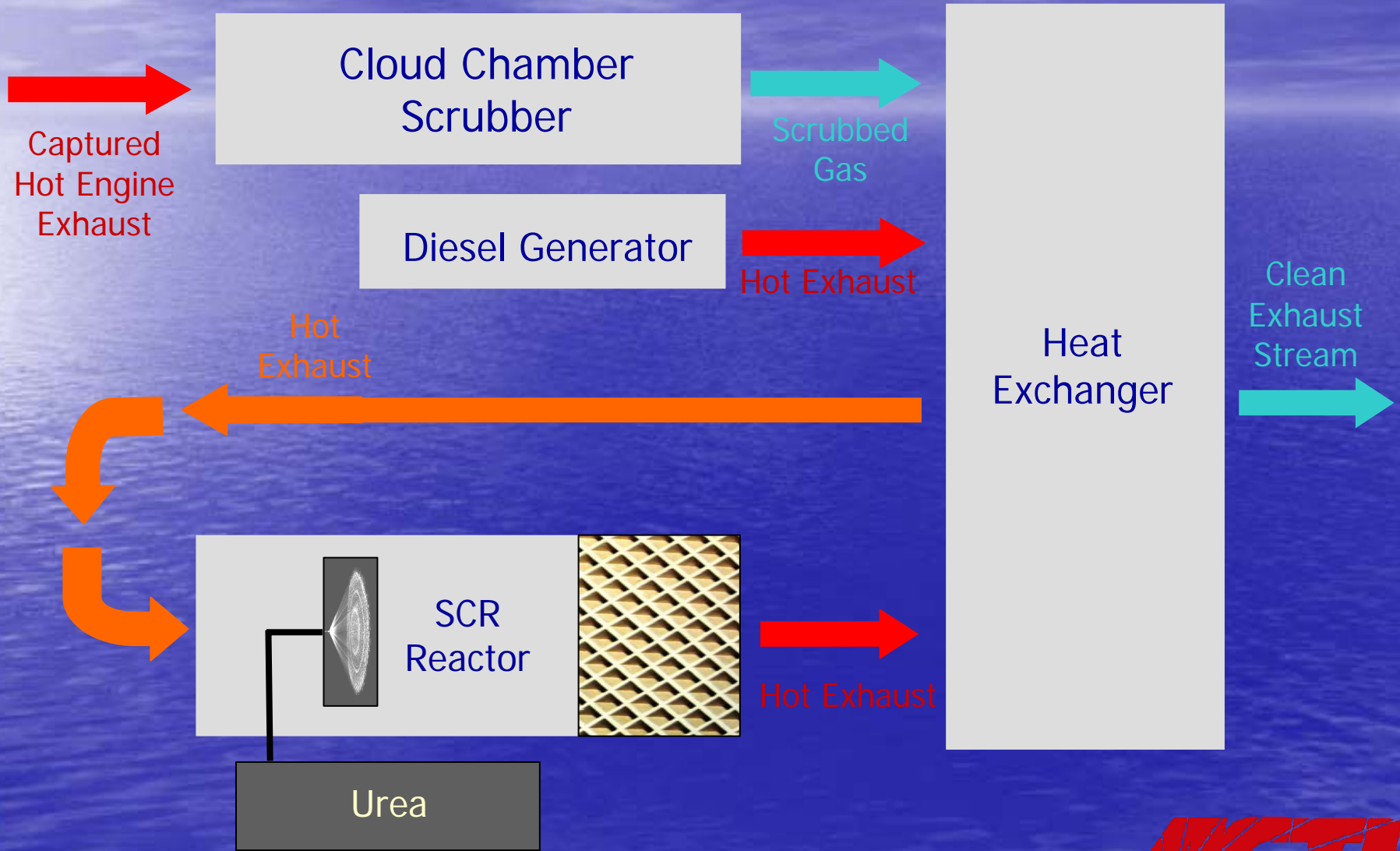
Cinching Cables (shown in red) prior to attachment



SCR Reactor, Injection System & Burner

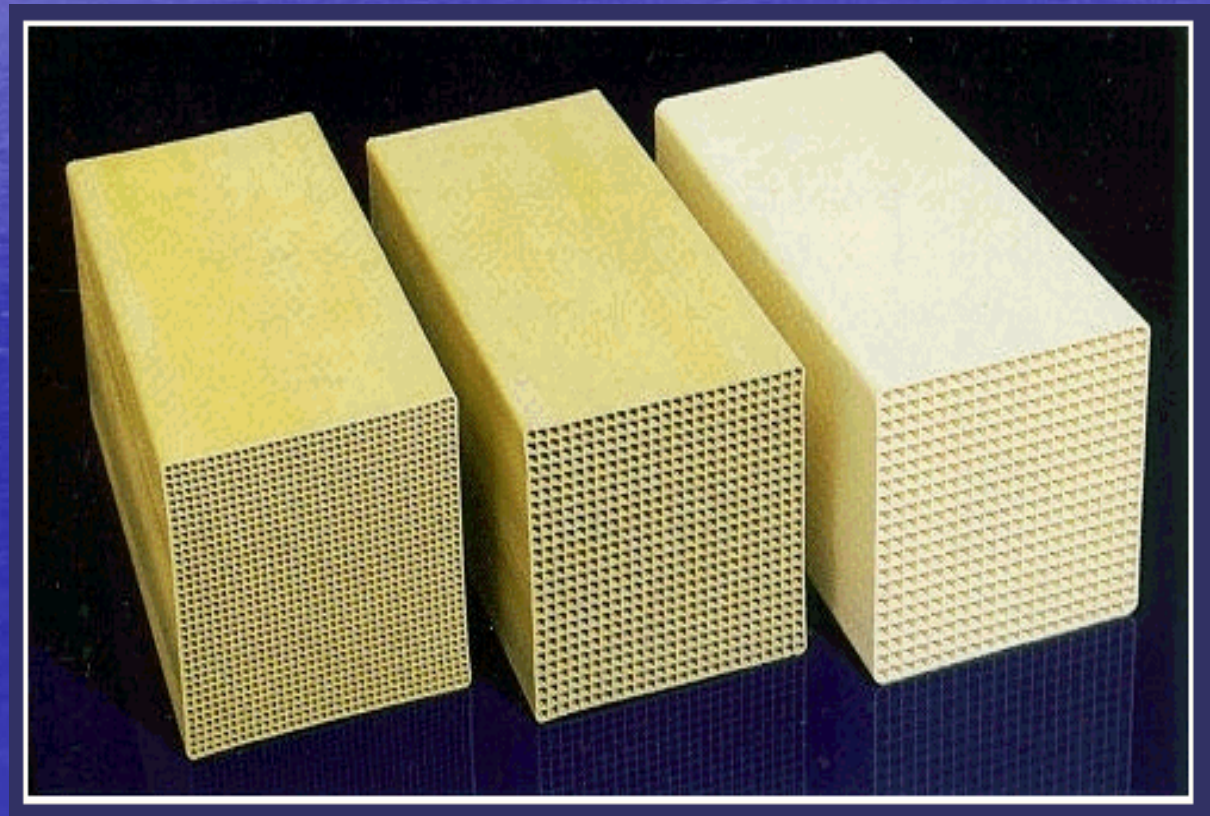


Thermal Management System



SCR Reactor – Argillon Catalyst

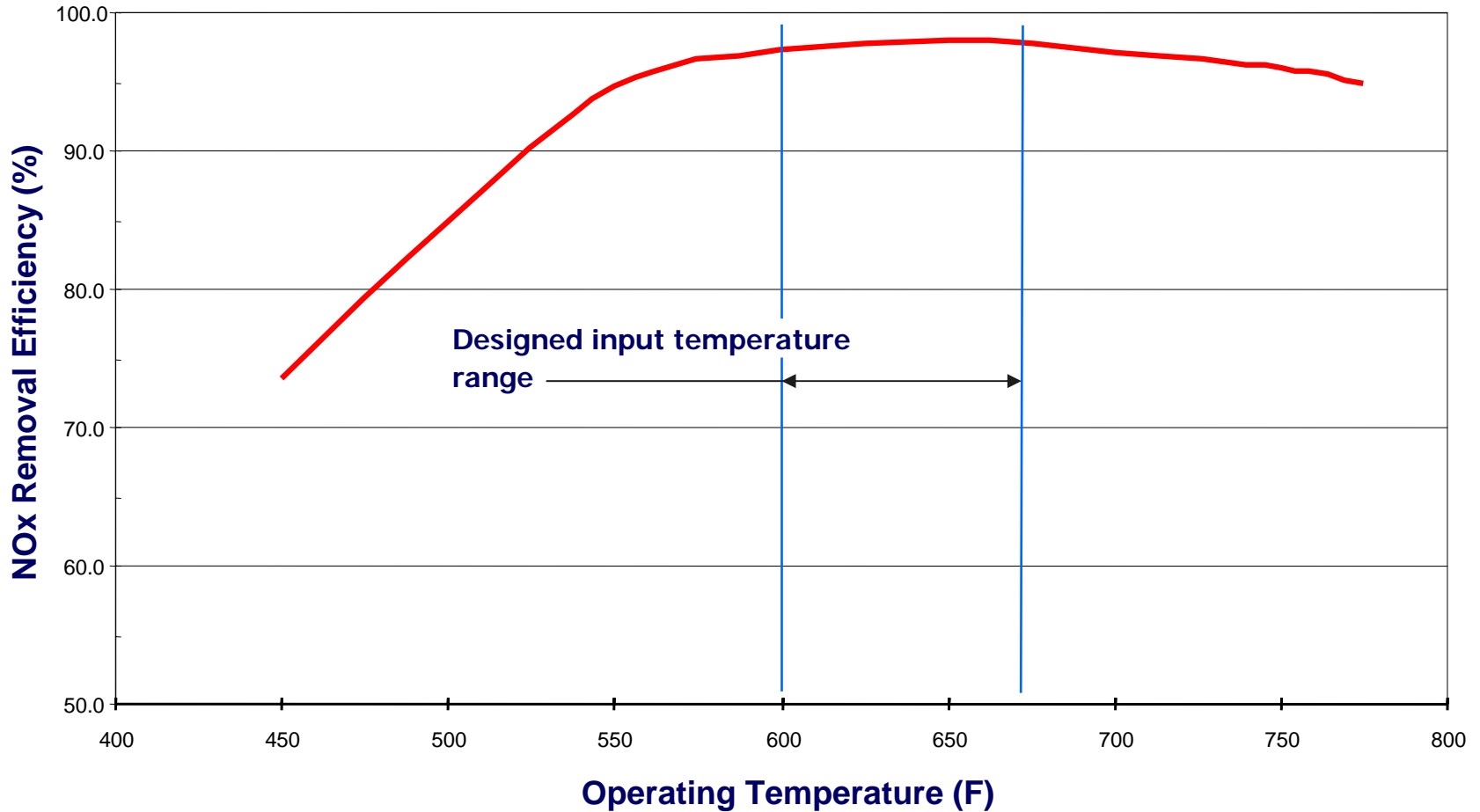
- Titanium – Vanadium Oxide $Ti-V_2O_5$ Based
- Ceramic Substrate
- Homogeneous
- Honeycomb





SCR Catalyst Performance

NOx Removal Efficiency vs. Operating Temperature
(Design Temperature = 600° to 680° F)





AMECS Improvements

Under Lessons Learned:

The following two improvements are under consideration as a result of the Demonstration and Testing Program in Roseville, California

- Create one common housing partition between the Selective Catalyst Reduction (SCR) Reactor and the Thermal Management System (shown in the next slide). This would increase thermal efficiency and reduce the system cost.
- Continuous Emissions Monitoring System (CEMS); the system deployed seems to require a greater amount of technical skill than we believe is necessary. In addition, the system cost seems to be high. We will evaluate other systems.
- We developed a much better understanding of rail yard operations and the type of exhaust capture system that would most likely work without interfering with railroad operations.



AMECS Improvements (continued)

Thermal Management System

