

Lyttelton 'Port Saddle' Masterplan



Activities

The land provides for potential recreation linkages to the Urumau Reserve, the Crater Rim Walkway and Lyttelton township. These linkages could be used for short walks from Lyttelton township as well as connecting into broader walking routes to Godley Head and Christchurch City. Cycling tracks are also proposed that could link into the Urumau Reserve area providing for accessible mountain biking in close proximity to the township. In conjunction with these tracks, picnic areas with seating and site interpretation of features such as the Historic Polhill's Bay Rifle Range are being considered. From the Port Saddle site, impressive views of Lyttelton Harbour, Lyttelton township and the Port Hills can be enjoyed. These views make the site an attractive destination with ecological enhancement and connections to the broader landscape of Lyttelton Harbour.



Ecology and Landscape

Ecological enhancement work will be phased over time and take into consideration the varying soils, degree of coastal exposure, and existing flora and fauna across the site. Where native regeneration is already occurring, key weeds will be managed and nature will be left to do the rest. Areas targeted for indigenous revegetation (see habitat area graphic) will be carefully managed using successional planting strategies with plants eco-sourced from the Port Hills Ecological District. Weeds and pests will be controlled and interpretation panels will be installed to enhance understanding of the special ecological values found here.

Next Steps ...

Access to the site has recently been improved and staged ecological planting is currently being planned. Community input and involvement is welcome, and we are looking forward to proceeding further with this exciting community-based ecological project. Please share your ideas and thoughts by contacting us at the addresses provided. We look forward to hearing from you.

Lyttelton 'Port Saddle' Masterplan



The Lyttelton 'Port Saddle' Masterplan covers an area of 17ha of Lyttelton Port Company owned land located above the eastern edge of Lyttelton township. This land has been identified for community recreational use, ecological protection and enhancement of the indigenous flora and fauna, and the long-term protection of landscape values for the benefit of the current and future communities of the Lyttelton Harbour basin. Improved access to the land from the Lyttelton township and enhancement of nature corridors with the adjacent Urumau and Department of Conservation reserves, will mean the community can enjoy, learn about, and contribute to thriving indigenous flora, bird, lizard, and invertebrate habitats.

Lyttelton Port Company (LPC) is proud to be working in partnership with the Banks Peninsula Conservation Trust to protect and enhance the indigenous biodiversity on Banks Peninsula.



Contact Us

Port Talk

If you want to have a chat, we are at Port Talk on the corner of Oxford and London Streets every Friday, 11am - 1pm.

Website

www.lpc.co.nz, or email communications@lpc.co.nz

Banks Peninsula Conservation Trust

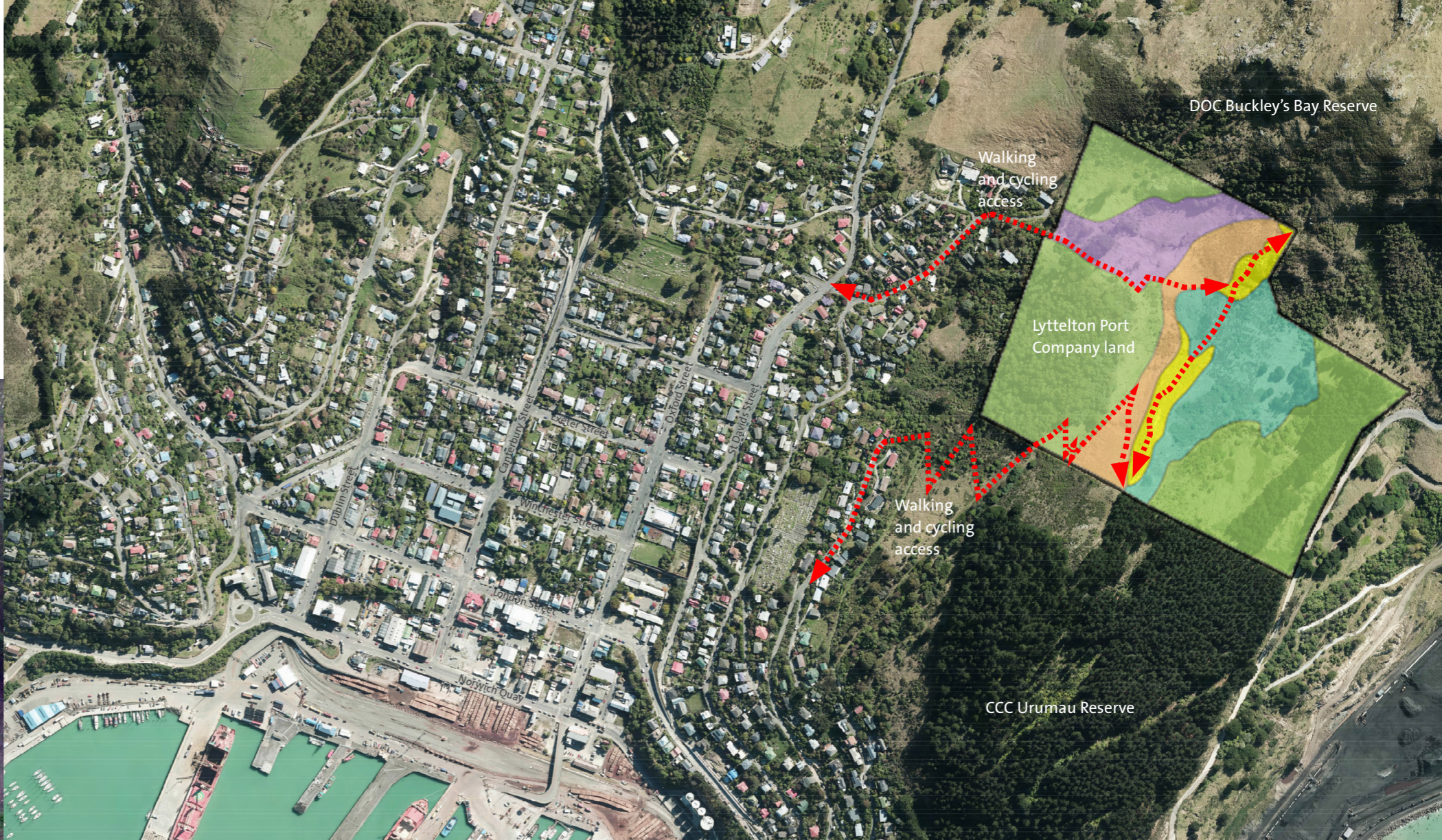
*PO Box 146, Tai Tapu 7645
(03) 329 6341
<http://www.bpct.org.nz/>
enquiries@bpct.org.nz*

Other Communication

*Kim Kelleher (LPC)
(03) 328 7983 or
Kim.Kelleher@lpc.co.nz*



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Habitat enhancement

Walking and cycle tracks



Photo credit: Kerry Walker

Interpretation, picnic areas and seating

Ecological restoration

KEY - HABITAT AREAS
The following key plant species are proposed for habitat areas with different aspects, soils and coastal exposure. Native plant revegetation will require careful management with successional planting strategies and ongoing maintenance of weeds and pests.

	TOTARA-KERERŪ SLOPE <i>Podocarpus totara/hallii</i> <i>Prumnopitys taxifolia</i> <i>Hoheria angustifolia</i> <i>Melicytus ramiflorus</i> <i>Pseudopanax arboreus</i>	<i>Pittosporum eugenioides</i> <i>Pittosporum tenuifolium</i> <i>Griselinia littoralis</i> <i>Coprosma robusta</i> <i>Myoporum laetum</i> (east slope)
	KOWHAI-TŪI GULLY <i>Sophora microphylla</i> <i>Podocarpus totara</i> <i>Coprosma robusta</i> <i>Cordyline australis</i> <i>Griselinia littoralis</i>	<i>Hoheria angustifolia</i> <i>Pseudopanax arboreus</i> <i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> <i>Pittosporum eugenioides</i> <i>Pittosporum tenuifolium</i> <i>Plagianthus regius</i>
	BROADLEAF-SILVEREYE SLOPE <i>Coprosma</i> sp. <i>Griselinia littoralis</i> <i>Olearia paniculata</i> <i>Myrsine australis</i> <i>Corokia cotoneaster</i>	<i>Carmichaelia australis</i> <i>Sophora prostrata</i> <i>Melicytus alpinus</i> <i>Pseudopanax arboreus</i> <i>Pittosporum eugenioides</i> <i>Pittosporum tenuifolium</i> <i>Cordyline australis</i>
	ROCKY-GECKO RIDGE <i>Muehlenbeckia complexa</i> <i>Coprosma crassifolia</i> <i>Coprosma propinqua</i> <i>Carmichaelia australis</i>	<i>Sophora prostrata</i> <i>Melicytus alpinus</i> <i>Phormium cookianum</i> <i>Poa cita</i> <i>Hebe strictissima</i>
	MAHOE-PIPIPI SLOPE <i>Melicytus ramiflorus</i> <i>Myoporum laetum</i> <i>Dodonaea viscosa</i> <i>Coprosma robusta</i> <i>Olearia fragrantissima</i>	<i>Griselinia littoralis</i> <i>Olearia paniculata</i> <i>Pseudopanax arboreus</i> <i>Phormium cookianum</i> <i>Pittosporum tenuifolium</i>

ACCESS AND LINKAGES



NOT TO SCALE